FAA Aviation Safety Inspector Survey Results

1. General Rating Issues

- a. Better definition of each rating and class
- b. Improved and more inclusive guidance—both for ASIs and industry
- c. Train ASIs in current/latest technologies and techniques
- d. In-Flight Entertainment systems not addressed in any category or rating
- e. Less labor-intensive rating system
- f. Add the development and use of capability lists to the rule
- g. When to use limited ratings is confusing—better guidance and definitions needed
- h. Need a rating/system to address aircraft computer/EFIS systems
- i. Cumbersome OpSpecs system

2. Airframe Issues

- a. Composite vs. Metal aircraft construction (hybrid aircraft)
 - i. Which class/category to place them in?
 - ii. How much metal/composite requires one category vs. another?
 - iii. Definition of composite material?
 - iv. Many ASIs lack training and experience in complex composite repairs
- b. Eliminate class ratings altogether and use limited ratings with a mandatory capability list
- c. Eliminate class 2 and 4 ratings and replace with limited ratings
 - i. Use capability list to control growth when lacking other 145 requirements (tools, personnel, etc.)
 - ii. Identify aircraft on capability list by make and model
- d. Class 3 ratings should not be issued to perform only NDT
 - i. Guidance problem
 - ii. Should be rated as a limited specialized service
- e. Improve guidance to distinguish between limited airframe and accessory ratings
- f. Class 4 rating too broad and vague
 - i. Too many varying aircraft sizes fit into this category
 - ii. Does not meet industry use of corporate/commercial aircraft
 - iii. Repair stations sometimes work outside of rating
 - iv. Combine either by smaller sizes/categories and/or materials
- g. Corporate aircraft—or that size aircraft—should have its own rating
- h. Combine airframe and powerplant ratings to allow avionics CRS to remove and re-install components
- Confusion exists when determining what rating to use for performing landing gear maintenance
 - i. Limited airframe for landing gear or is it part of the airframe class rating?
 - ii. Should be limited airframe with a current capability list?

3. Powerplant Issues

- a. Separate turbine engines by type—turboprops, turbojets, etc.
 - i. Turbine rating too broad—need classes or categories
 - ii. Use capability list to determine compliance with 145 requirements using make and model of powerplants
- b. Combine reciprocating engine ratings
- c. Decide on common terminology—aircraft engines or powerplants
 - i. Define term and include in Part 1
 - ii. Where do APUs fit in? Include in definition
- d. Limited powerplant should be components on a capability list—not an engine
- e. Add an APU rating

4. Propeller Issues

a. Use a single propeller rating with a capability list by make and model

5. Radio Rating Issues

- a. Radio CRS should not need a separate limited airframe for installations and modifications
- b. Rating should be divided by communications/navigation and all others
- c. Better definition of what is included in this rating/class
- d. Better definition of what constitutes navigation/communication equipment

6. Instrument Rating Issues

- a. Class 2 too vague—should be limited by make and model
- b. Better definition of what is included in this rating/class
- c. Have a separate rating for LRU replacement items without performing "in-shop" repair or testing

7. Accessory Rating Issues

- a. Eliminate the accessory ratings altogether
- b. Need a better definition of accessories—mechanical, electrical, etc.
- c. Rating and guidance doesn't capture all modern aircraft accessories
- d. Does the accessory class 1 rating also include APUs?

8. Limited Rating Issues

- a. Eliminate limited landing gear, floats, emergency equipment, aircraft fabric, and all other aircraft "structural" components
- b. Limited accessory should be any component that is not a part of the primary aircraft structure

9. Limited Specialized Service Rating Issues

- a. Need a better definition of what belongs in this category
 - i. Rule language to clearly define when it should be used
 - ii. Better guidance to ascertain what needs to go on the OpSpecs
- b. Define what constitutes a process specification and how it should be annotated in the OpSpecs